

USACE Portland District MCR Navigation Program

Science-Policy Workshop

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USACE Portland District

May 3, 2016

Ilwaco, WA



US Army Corps of Engineers
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Mouth of the Columbia River— Gateway to the Columba-Snake River System

Columbia River at the Mouth, WA & OR

- Entrance channel 55/48 feet deep, 2640 feet wide, and 6 miles long
- Average annual dredging 3.5 MCY, June-Sept work window
- Support Columbia-Snake River Navigation System
 - 46 million tons of cargo annually, worth \$24B
 - Largest wheat and barley export gateway in the Nation
 - Second largest soy export gateway in the World
 - Over \$930M in commercial investments-to-date because of the deepening
 - Supports 40,000 local jobs
- Large group of stakeholders, with varying concerns
- Focus on the beneficial use of dredged material and Engineering with Nature to prevent 'wasting' clean sediment resources.
- Disposal Mission, responsible use of the placement sites to maximize capacity

Mouth of the Columbia River RSM Stakeholders

- 1) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
- 2) Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- 3) Oregon Governor's Office
- 4) Washington Governor's Office
- 5) WA Department of Ecology (WDOE)
- 6) Columbia River Crab Fishers Association (CRCFA)
- 7) Washington Department of Natural Resources (WDNR)
- 8) Oregon Dept. of Land Conservation and Development (ODLCD)
- 9) Oregon Sea Grant
- 10) Portland State University
- 11) Oregon State University
- 12) Oregon Health Sciences University
- 13) National Policy Consensus Center
- 14) Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ)
- 15) Port of Astoria
- 16) Port of Ilwaco
- 17) Port of Chinook
- 18) Pacific County, WA
- 19) Clatsop County, OR
- 20) Oregon Department of State Lands (ODSL)
- 21) US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)
- 22) Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW)
- 23) Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife (WDFW)
- 24) Lower Columbia Solutions Group (LCSG)
- 25) Institute for Natural Resources
- 26) Center for Public Service



*Pacific
Ocean*

Ilwaco

WA

Baker Bay

Peacock
Spit

NJS

SWS

Channel

MCR
Entrance

LCR

Columbia
River Estuary

Clatsop
Spit

OR

DWS

MCR-07
drop zone

MCR-14
drop zone

CR-05
drop zone

MCR-06
drop zone

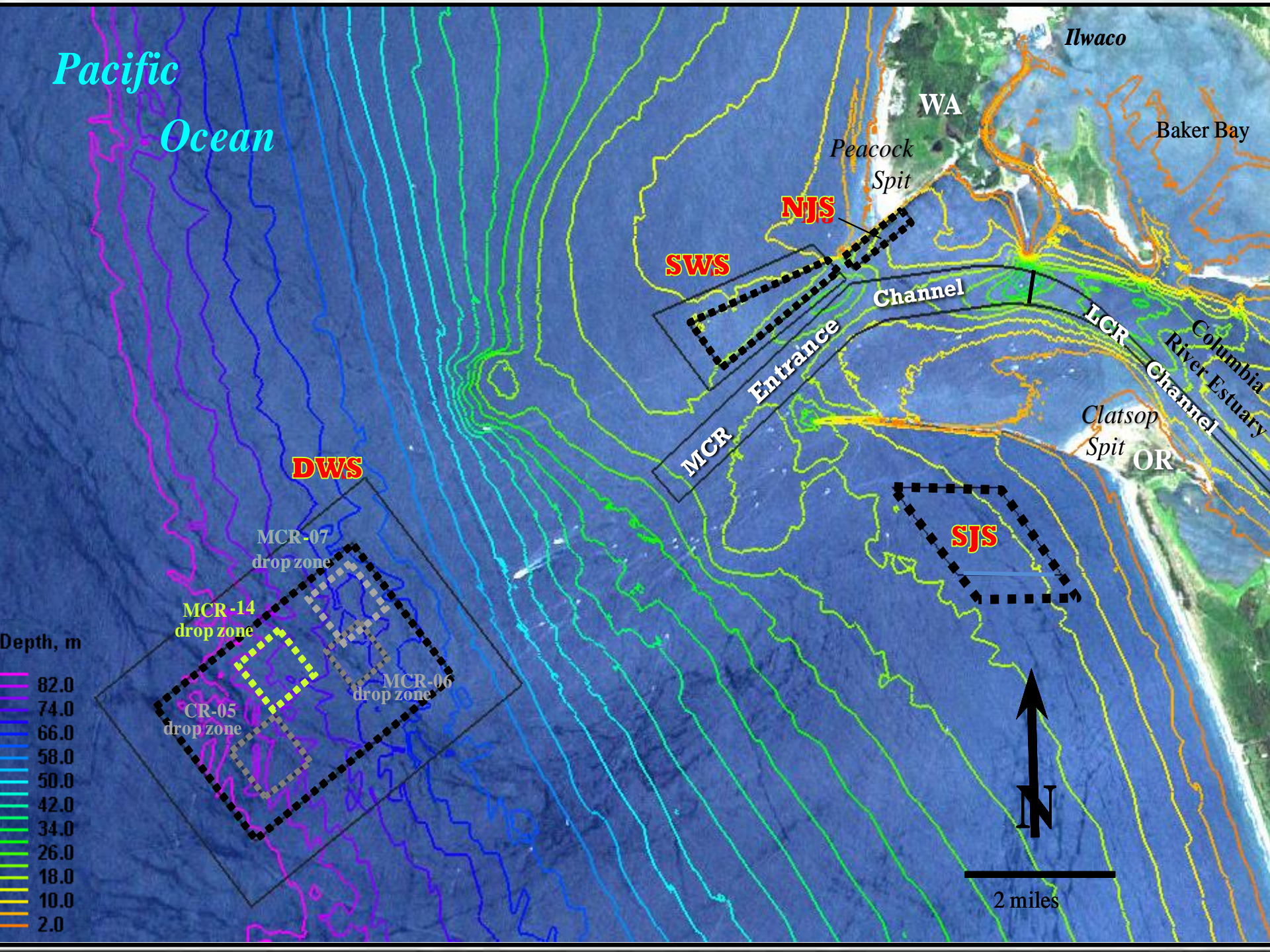
SJS

Depth, m

82.0
74.0
66.0
58.0
50.0
42.0
34.0
26.0
18.0
10.0
2.0

N

2 miles



5-Year MCR Dredging Totals

2011

3,023,408

2012

2,674,941

2013

3,264,772

2014

3,558,121

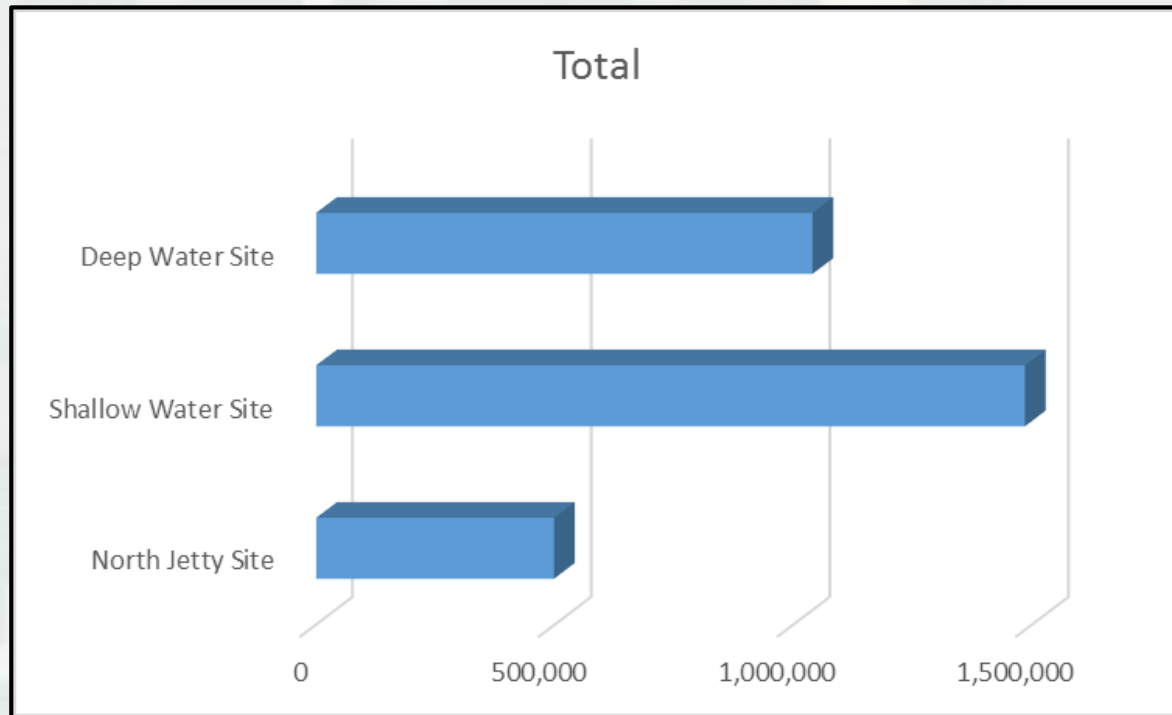
2015

3,429,963



► We have had dredging seasons over 5mcy

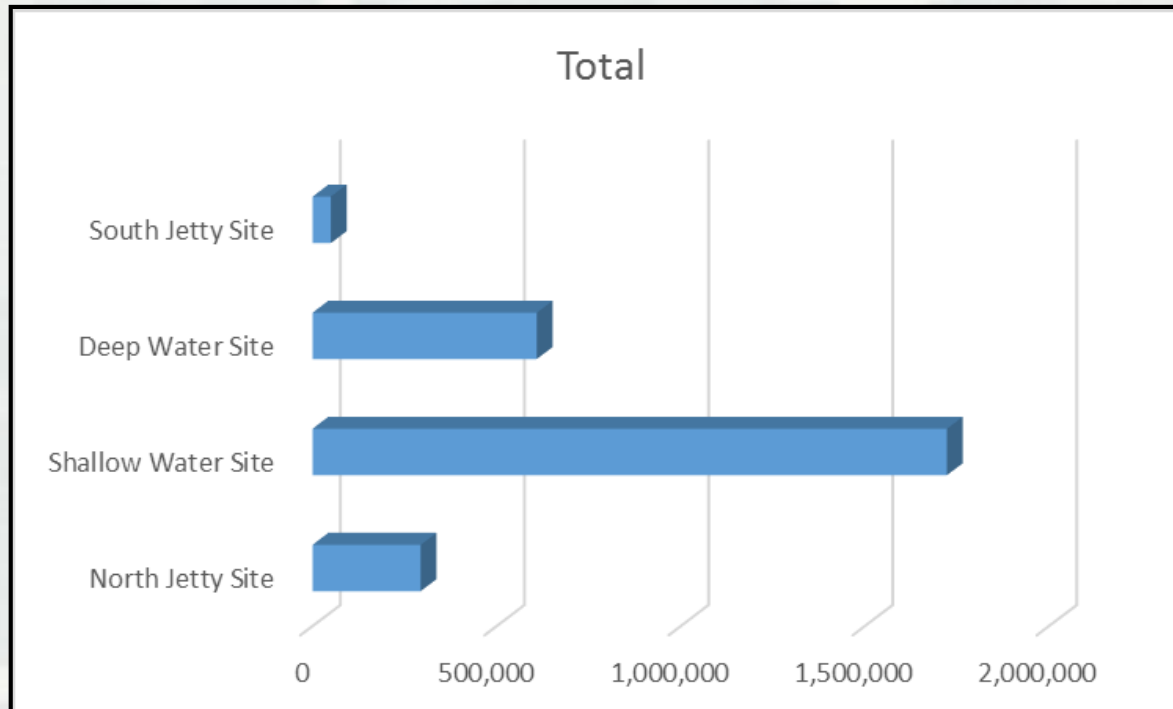
2011 Dredging Summary



2011 Disposal Site Distribution	Total	% of Total
North Jetty Site	498,417	16%
Shallow Water Site	1,485,062	49%
Deep Water Site	1,039,929	34%
Total	3,023,408	



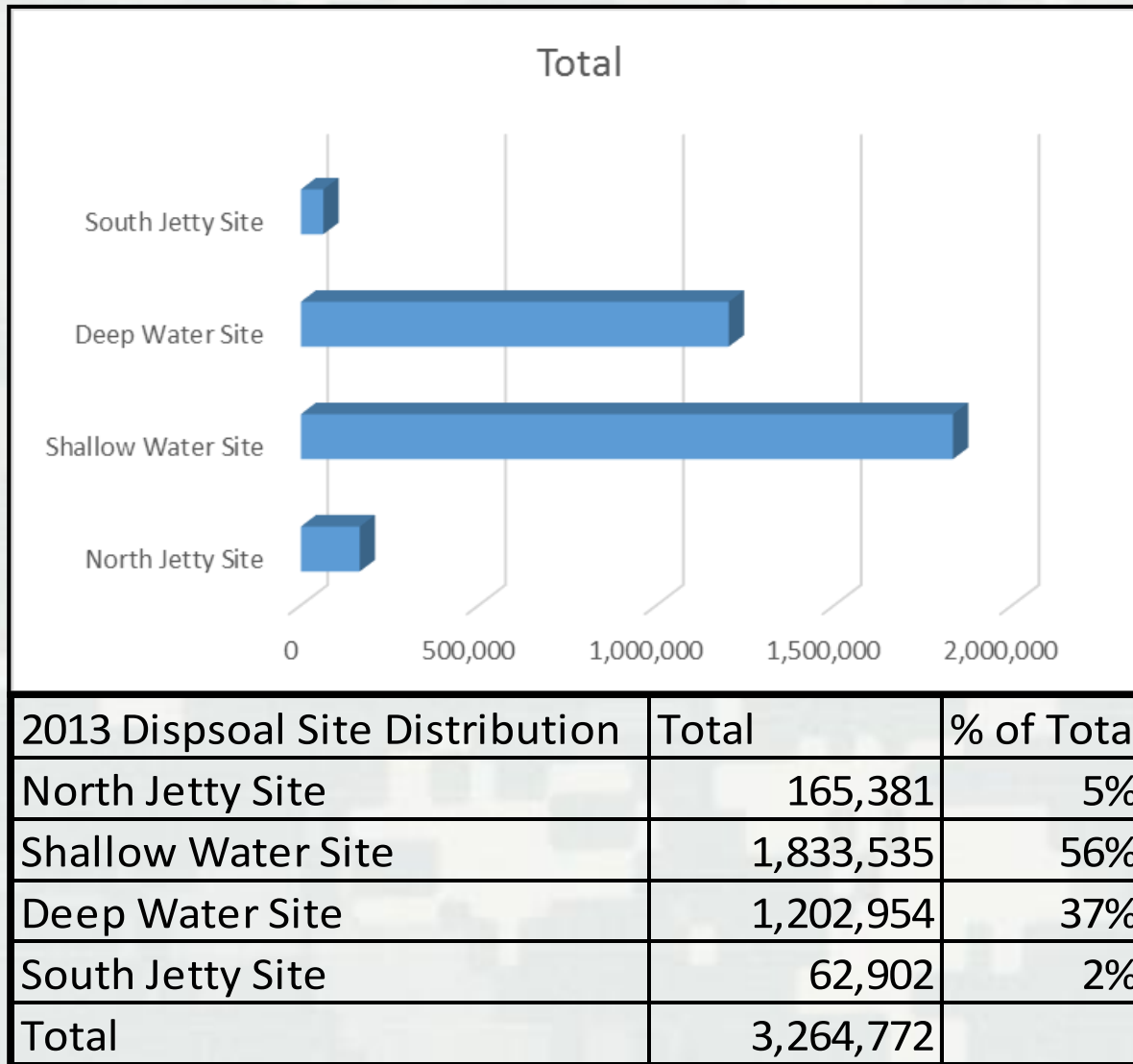
2012 Dredging Summary



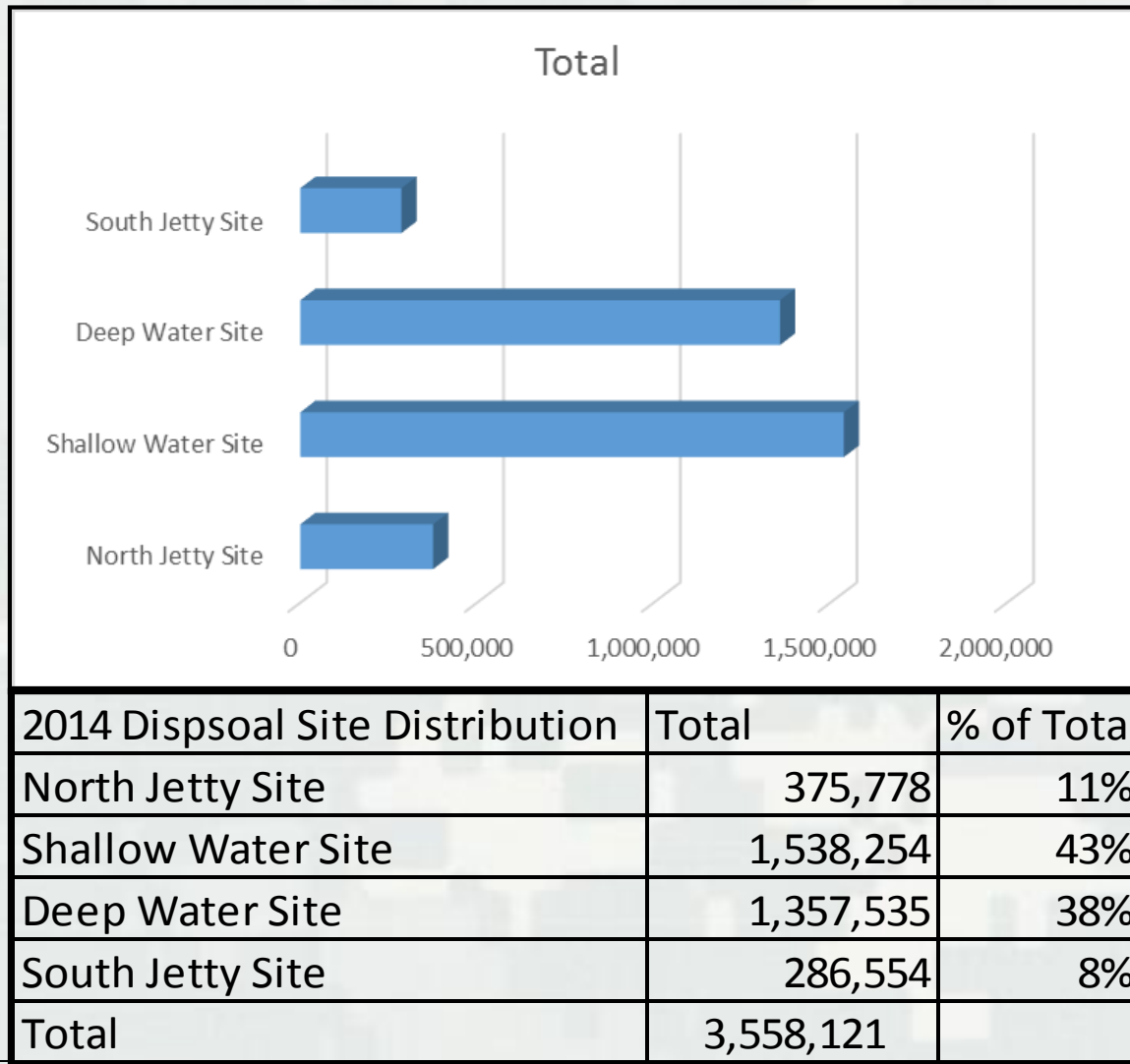
2012 Disposal Site Distribution	Total	% of Total
North Jetty Site	293,542	11%
Shallow Water Site	1,722,918	64%
Deep Water Site	608,829	23%
South Jetty Site	49,652	2%
Total	2,674,941	



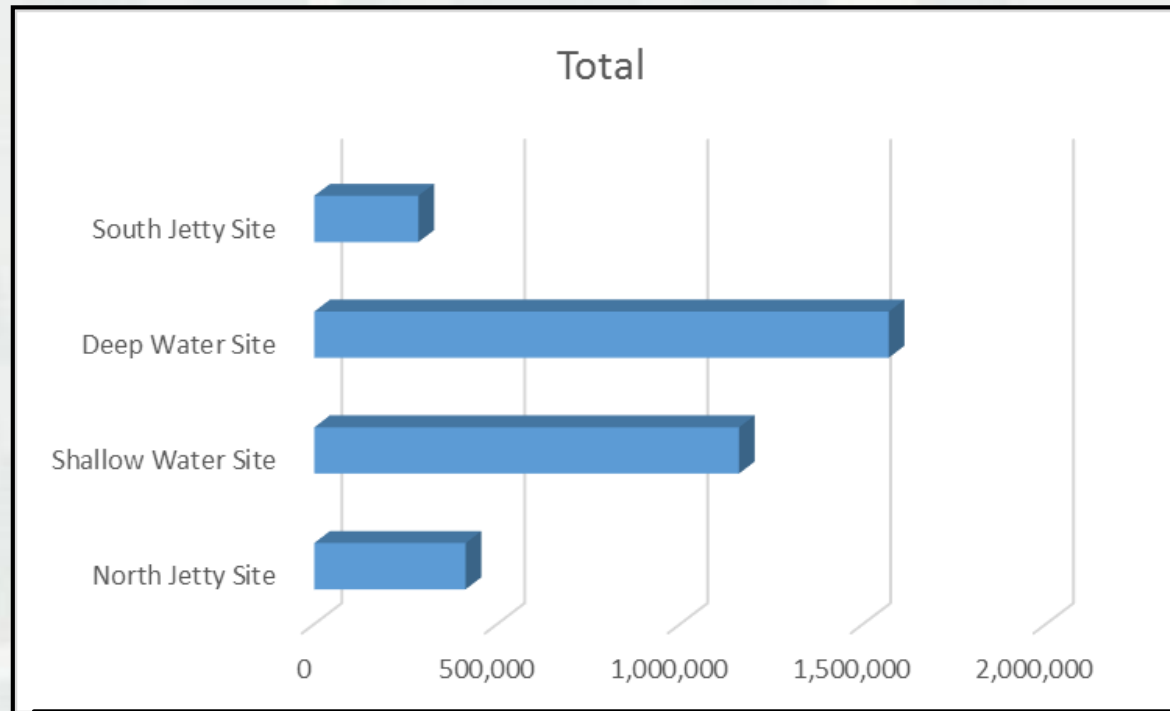
2013 Dredging Summary



2014 Dredging Summary



2015 Dredging Summary

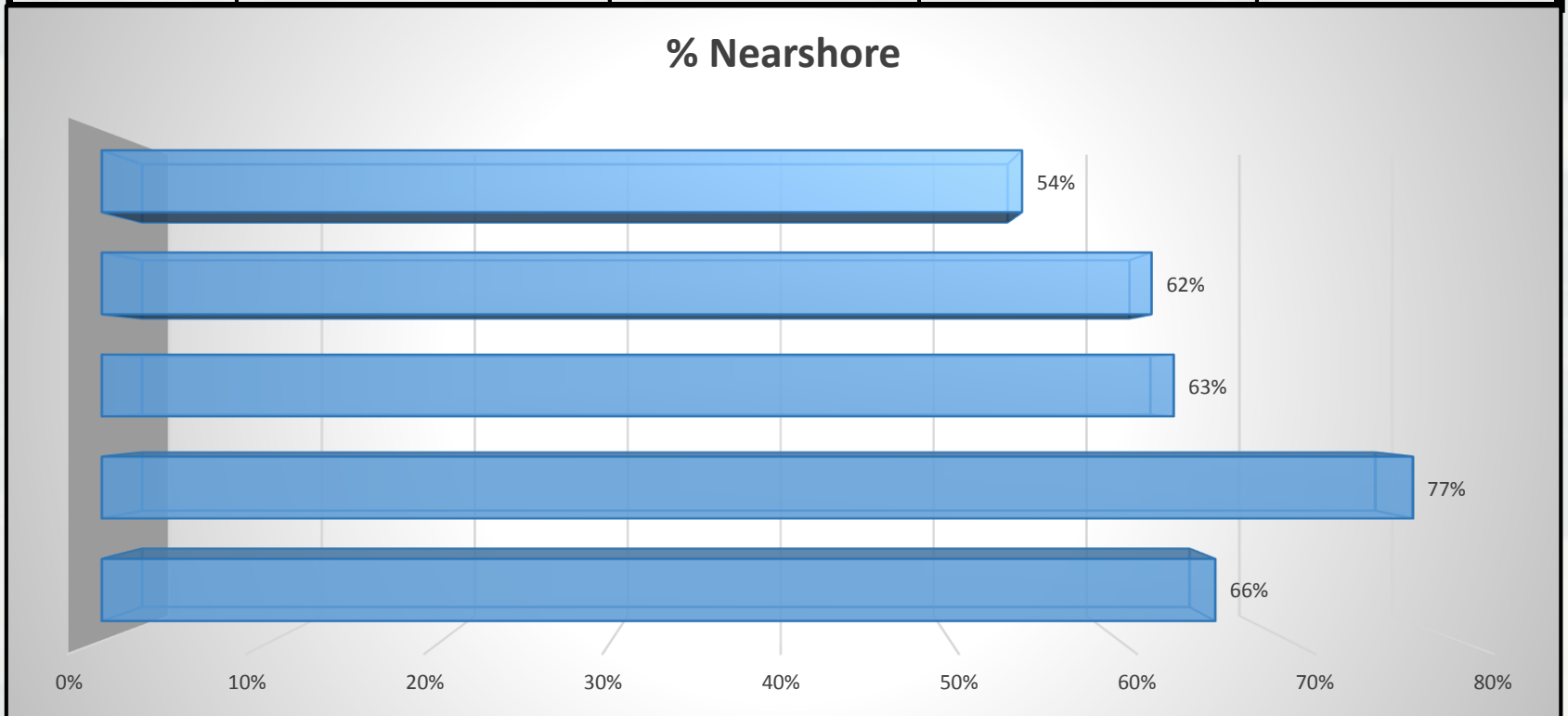


2015 Disposal Site Distribution	Total	% of Total
North Jetty Site	413,851	12%
Shallow Water Site	1,161,206	34%
Deep Water Site	1,570,331	46%
South Jetty Site	284,575	8%
Total	3,429,963	



5-Year Disposal Site Distribution

<u>Year</u>	<u>Dredging Total</u>	<u>Nearshore</u>	<u>DWS</u>	<u>% Nearshore</u>
2011	3,023,408	1,983,479	1,039,929	66%
2012	2,674,941	2,066,112	608,829	77%
2013	3,264,772	2,061,818	1,202,954	63%
2014	3,558,121	2,200,586	1,357,535	62%
2015	3,429,963	1,859,632	1,570,331	54%



Monitoring Program

Benthic Surveys

- Use of the NOAA benthic video sled to enable quantification of macrofaunal abundances and distributions.
- Conduct benthic surveys at control and dredge material deposition sites spanning the operations period.
- Analysis includes extracting organism abundance data from digital video logs and testing for significance in a BACI statistical design.

Crab Mortality and Motility

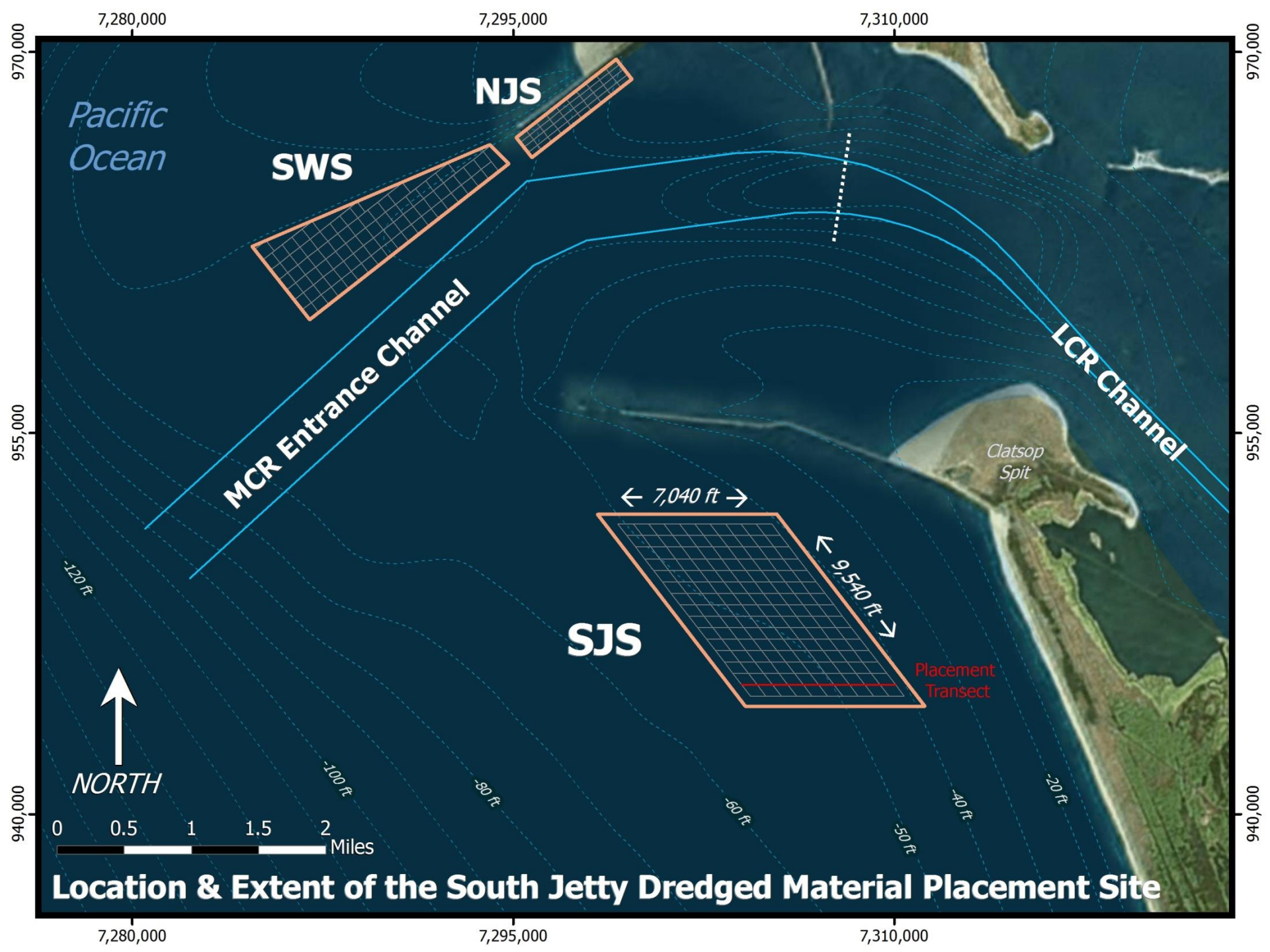
- Deploy acoustic receiver moorings at control and impact sites.
- Catch, tag, release and monitor crab movements during and after dredge material deposition events.
- Analysis of crab positions.
- Campod Deployment

Models, Tools, Databases, etc

- Sediment Profile Imaging Photography (SPI)
- Multi-beam survey data
- Acoustic telemetry to evaluate survival of Dungeness crabs
- Benthic video sled to assess the presence of benthic species
- Benthic Algorithm Development
- Environmental Buoy
- ADCP

Benefits

- Keep sediment in the littoral cell
- Slowing the erosion of Clatsop Spit
- Maintain Jetty Foundation/Root
- Reduced costs to the dredging program
- Increased habitat opportunities
- Distribute material between a network of sites
- Reducing the likelihood of mounding in the nearshore sites



Location & Extent of the South Jetty Dredged Material Placement Site

Environmental Buoy

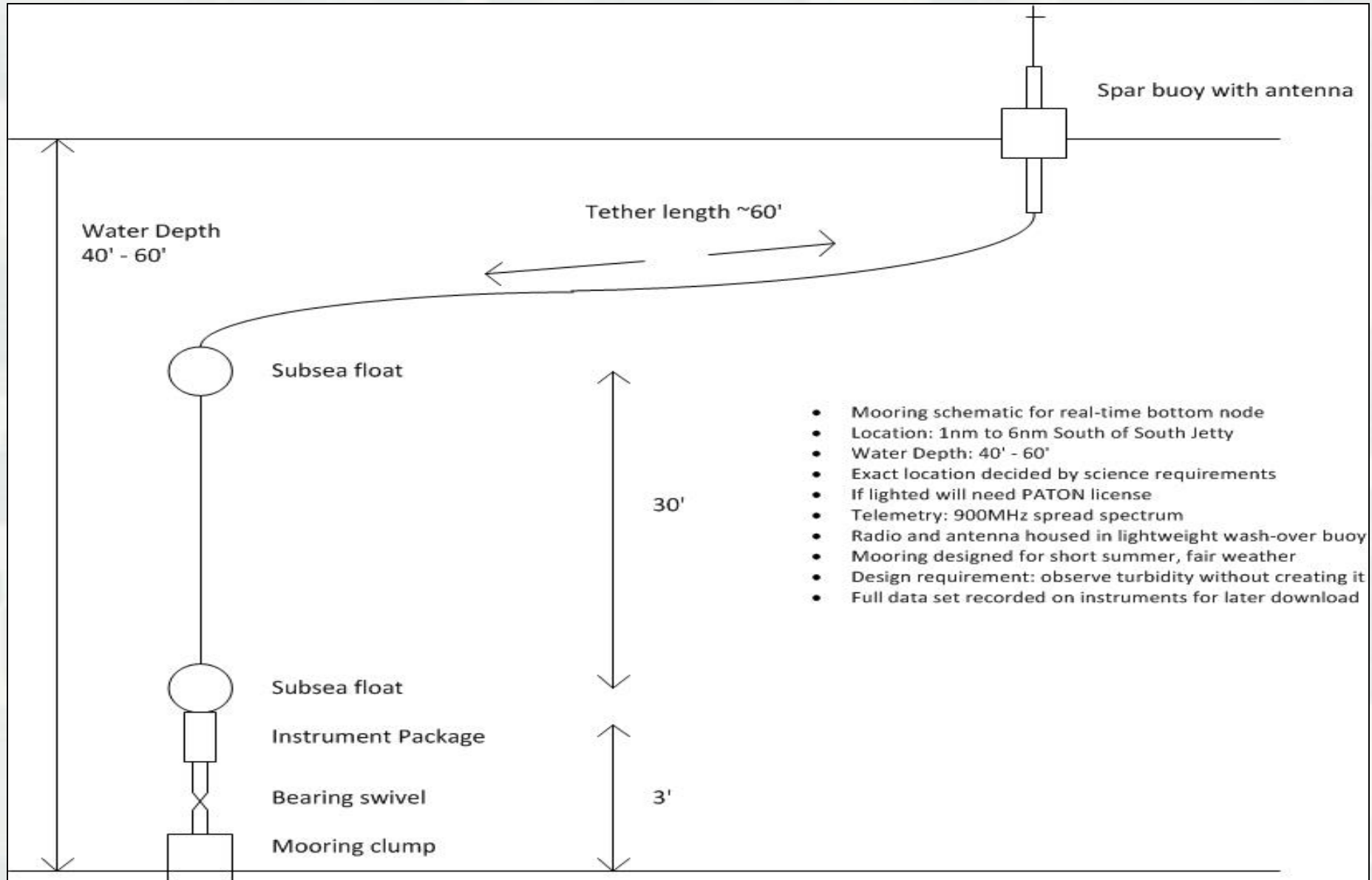
- Prevalent phytoplankton blooms in previous years wasted resources
- Deployed by the Center for Coastal Margin Observation and Prediction (CMOP) Science and Technology University Research Network (SATURN)
- Provides real-time conditions in the SJS to allow monitoring during optimal conditions

Reporting Properties:

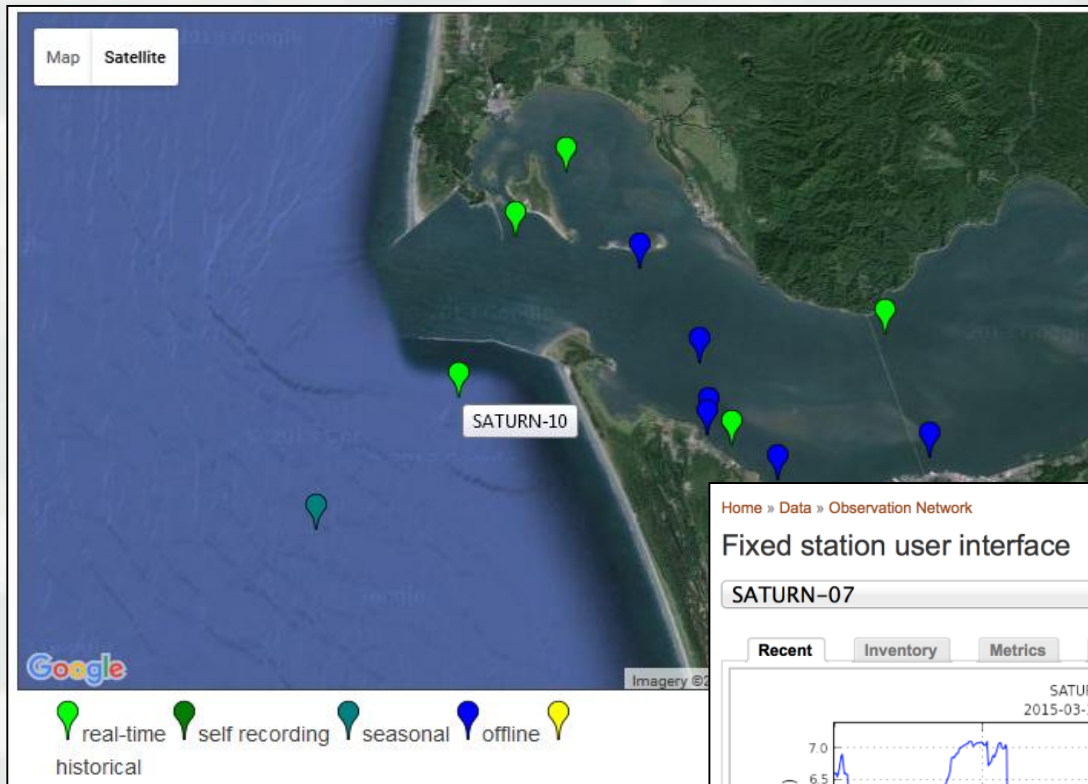
- Salinity
- Temperature
- Dissolved oxygen
- Conductivity
- Turbidity
- Chlorophyll Fluorescence
- Wind information
- National Buoy Data Center (NBDC)



Environmental Buoy



SATURN Observation Network



Home » Data » Observation Network

Fixed station user interface

SATURN-07

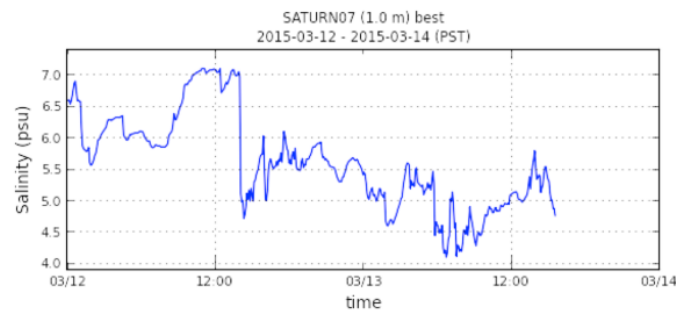
[Observation network](#) | [Network status](#) | [Write us](#) | [Link](#)

Recent

Inventory

Metrics

Map



2 Days

7 Days

15 Days

Zoom

Stack Plot

Data explorer

Latest observations

Salinity [psu]	5.2	03 13	1 m
Temperature [C]	15:56		
	9.8	03 13	1 m
Dissolved oxygen [ml/l]	15:56		
	7.8	03 13	1 m
Turbidity [ntu]	15:50		
	3.2	03 13	1 m
Phycoerythrin [rfu]	16:00		
	10548.1	03 13	1 m
CDOM [ppb]	16:00		
	16.1	03 13	1 m
Chlorophyll [µg/l]	16:00		
	1.5	03 13	1 m
Oxygen saturation [%]	16:00		

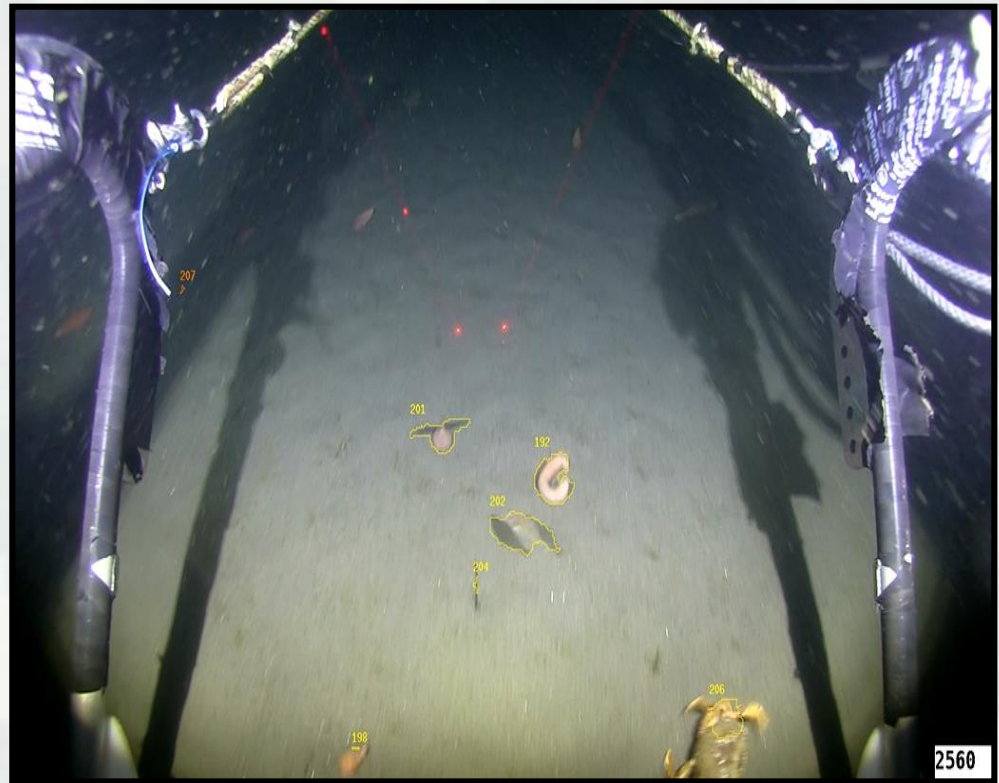
Time on PST MM DD h:m

Not working >48h <48h <24h



Automated Event Detection and Classification (AVEDac) Software

- Developed by MBARI, Caltech, and USC for analysis of ROV video.
- Software is capable of tracking objects of interest through video frames.
- Continued development of the software to review video and classify species.
- Quality Control by graduate student.
- Once developed it should reduce labor requirement.



North Head Argus



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North Head Argus

Basic Image Data Types

Images from 1 May 2011 at 00hr GMT
(30 April 1600hr PST)



Timex



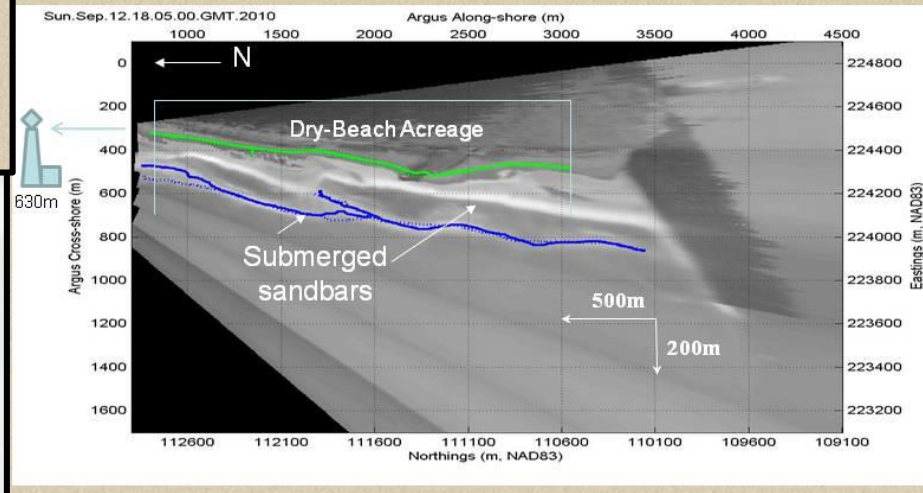
Snap



Bright



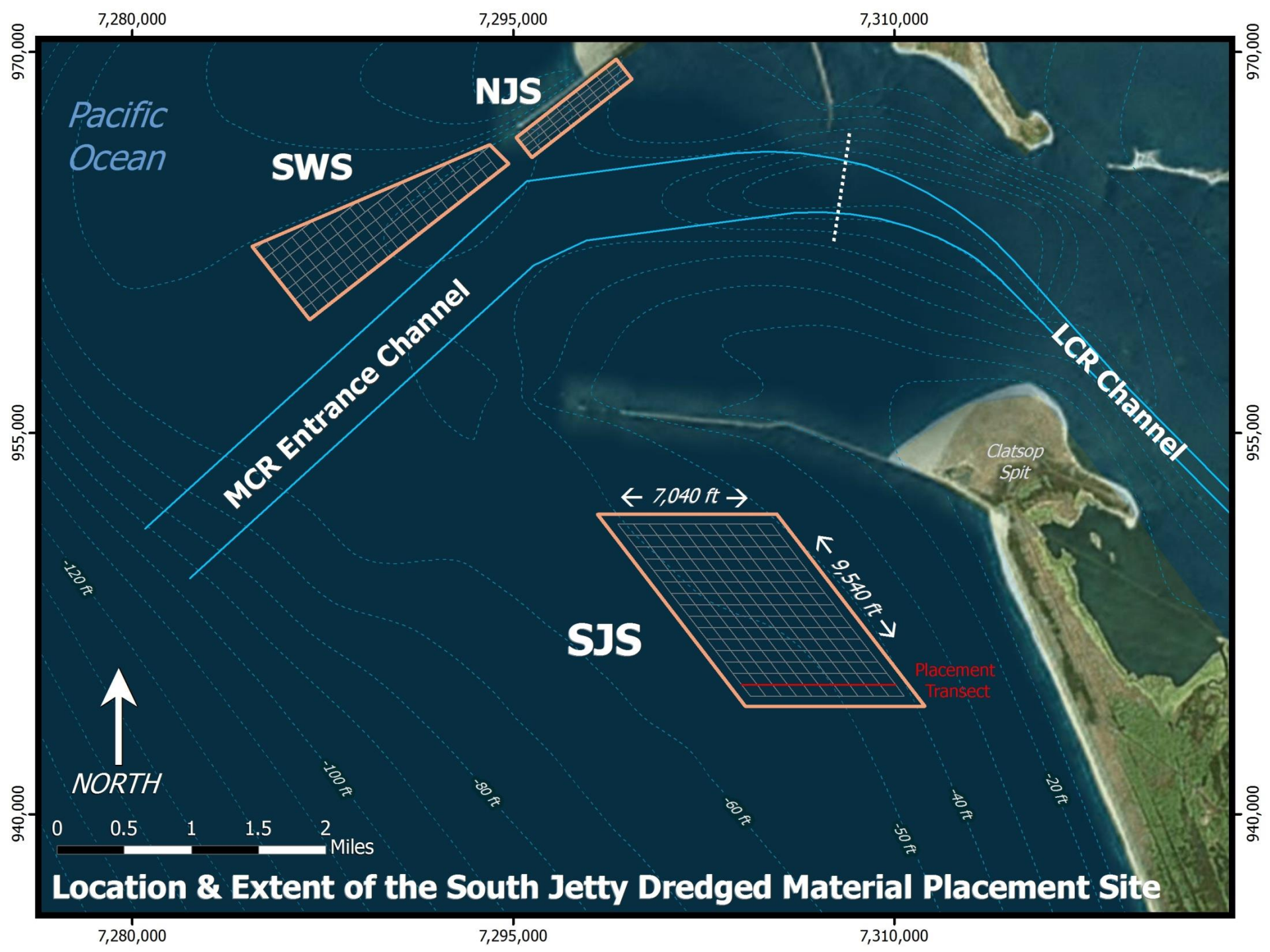
Variance



Deposition Monitoring Instruments (Campods)

- Measure material deposition following placement by dredge ESSAYONS (target 5cm)
- Monitoring crab response to placement (mortality at 10cm burial)
- Capture baseline conditions in the SJS

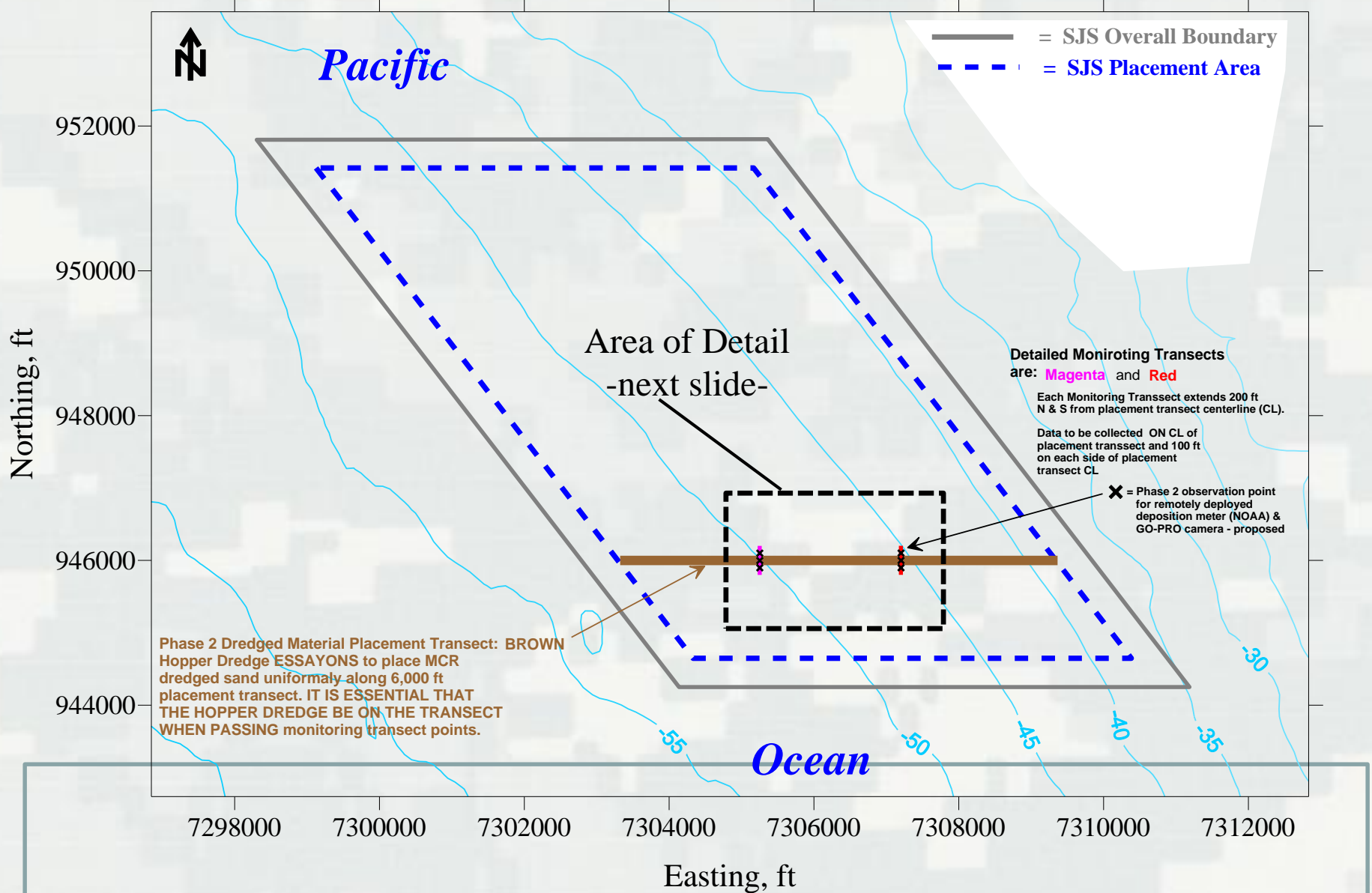




Location & Extent of the South Jetty Dredged Material Placement Site

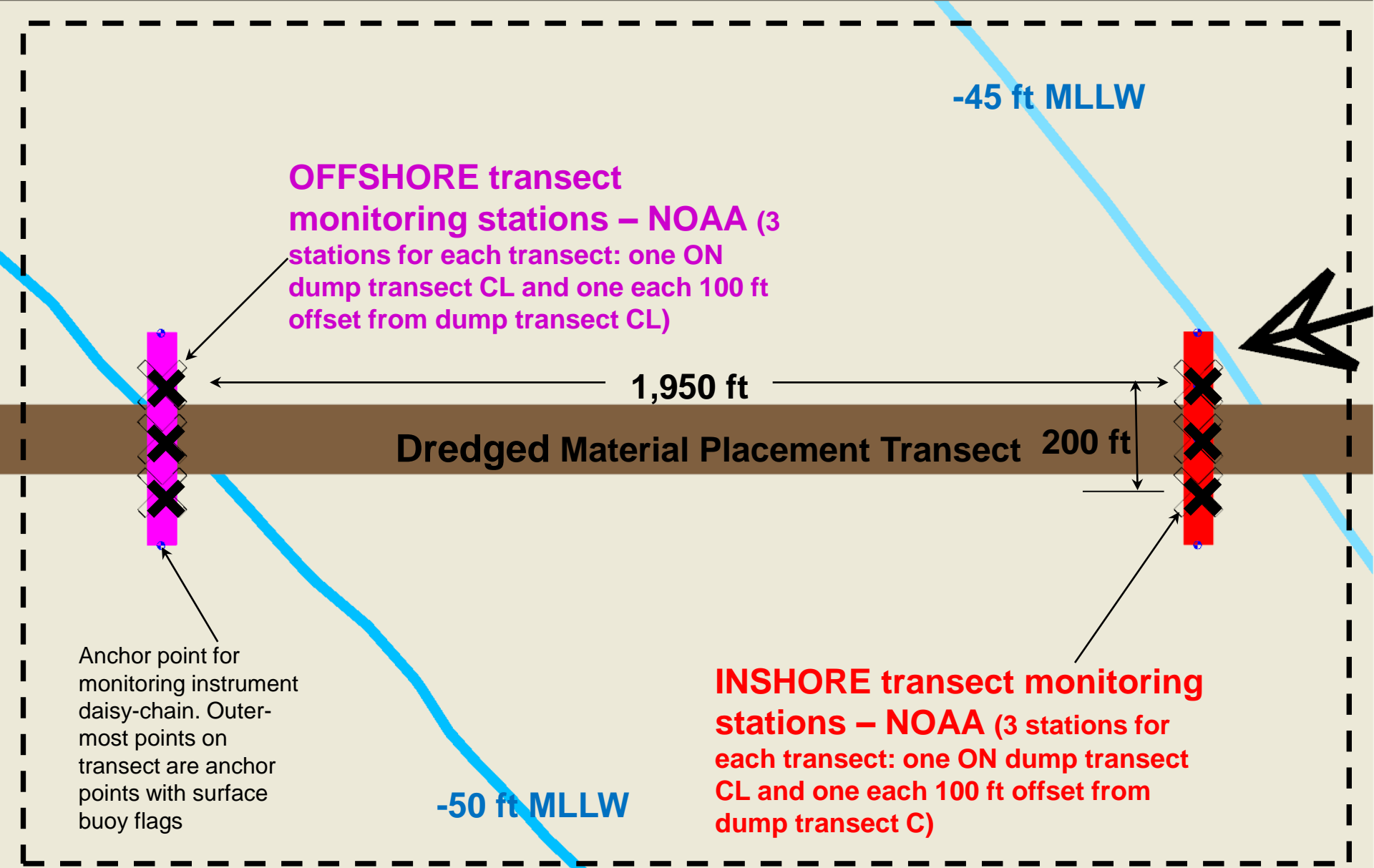
MCR South Jetty Site - SJS (CWA 404)

Layout For Phased Implementation of Initial Site Utilization & Monitoring Plan

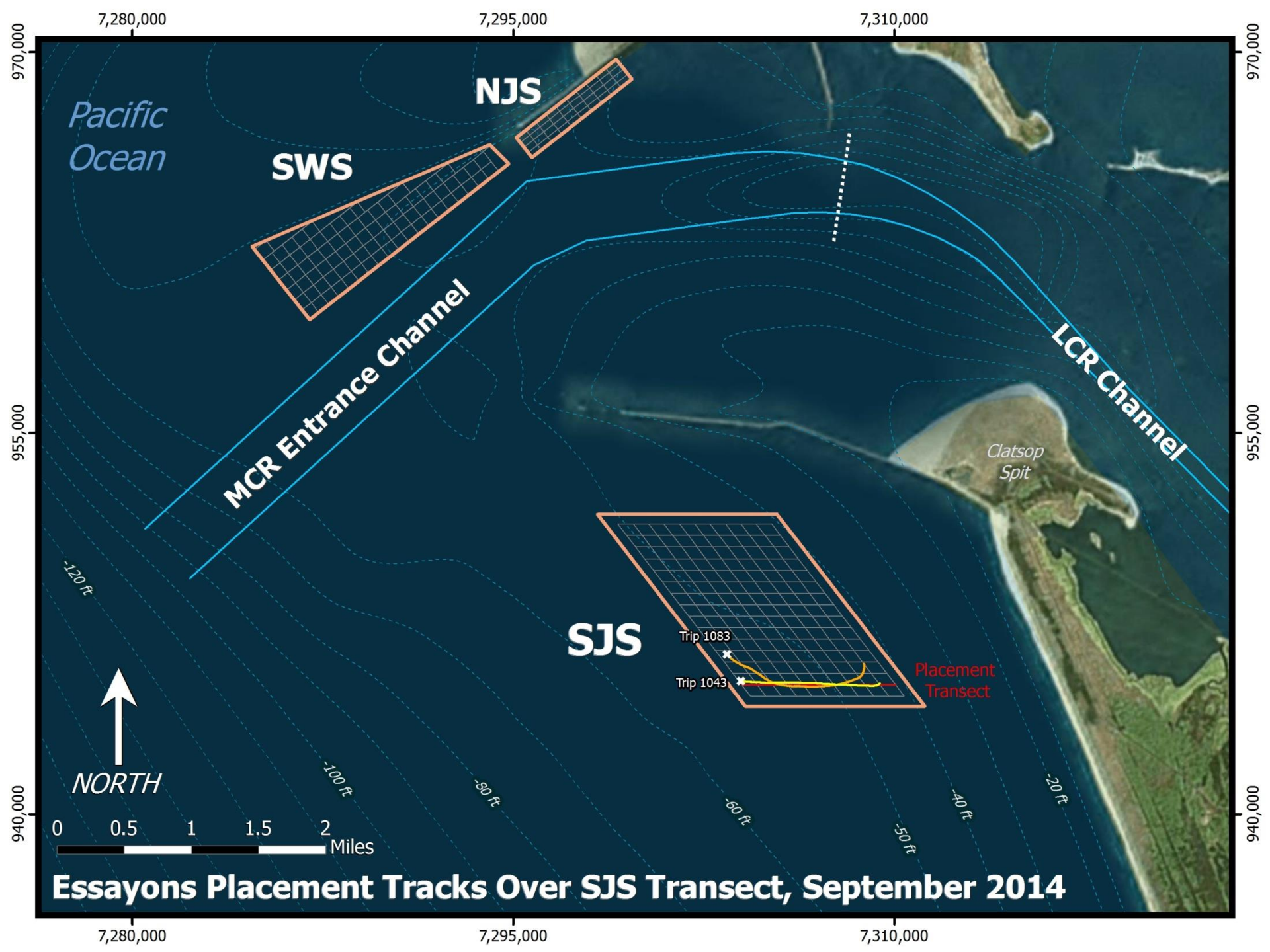


coordinates are SPCS Oregon, north, ft NAD83
elevations are in ft, below MLLW, data = Aug 2012, contour interval = 5 ft

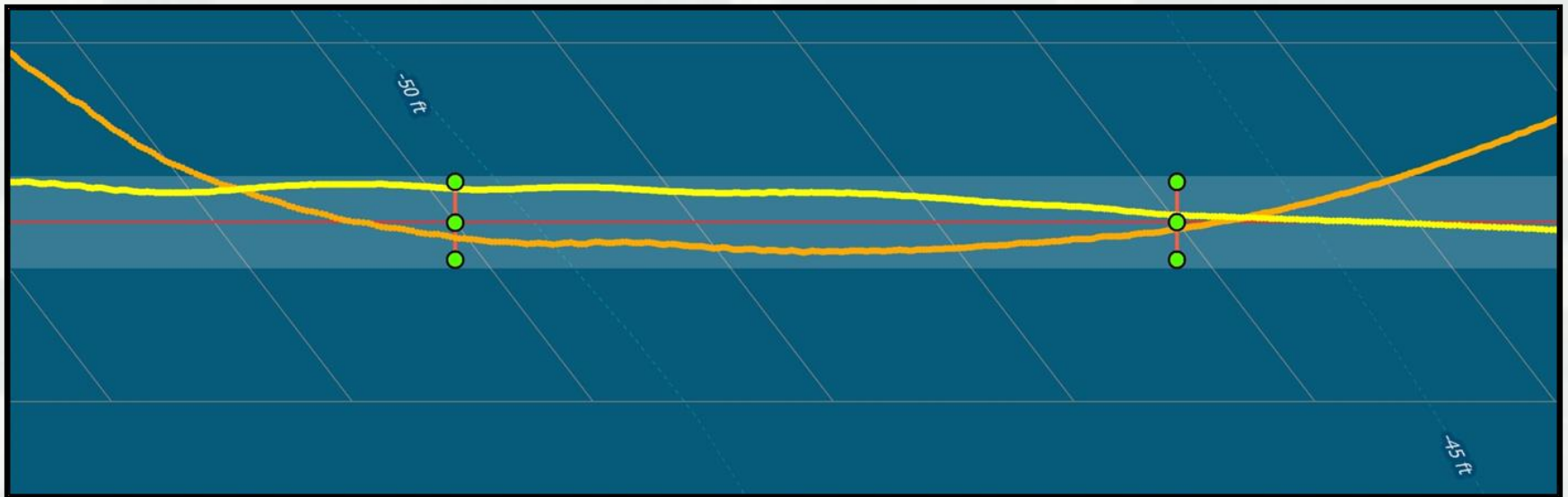
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Portland District



Close-up View of SJS Phase II - Monitoring Transect Details



September 2014 Placement Runs



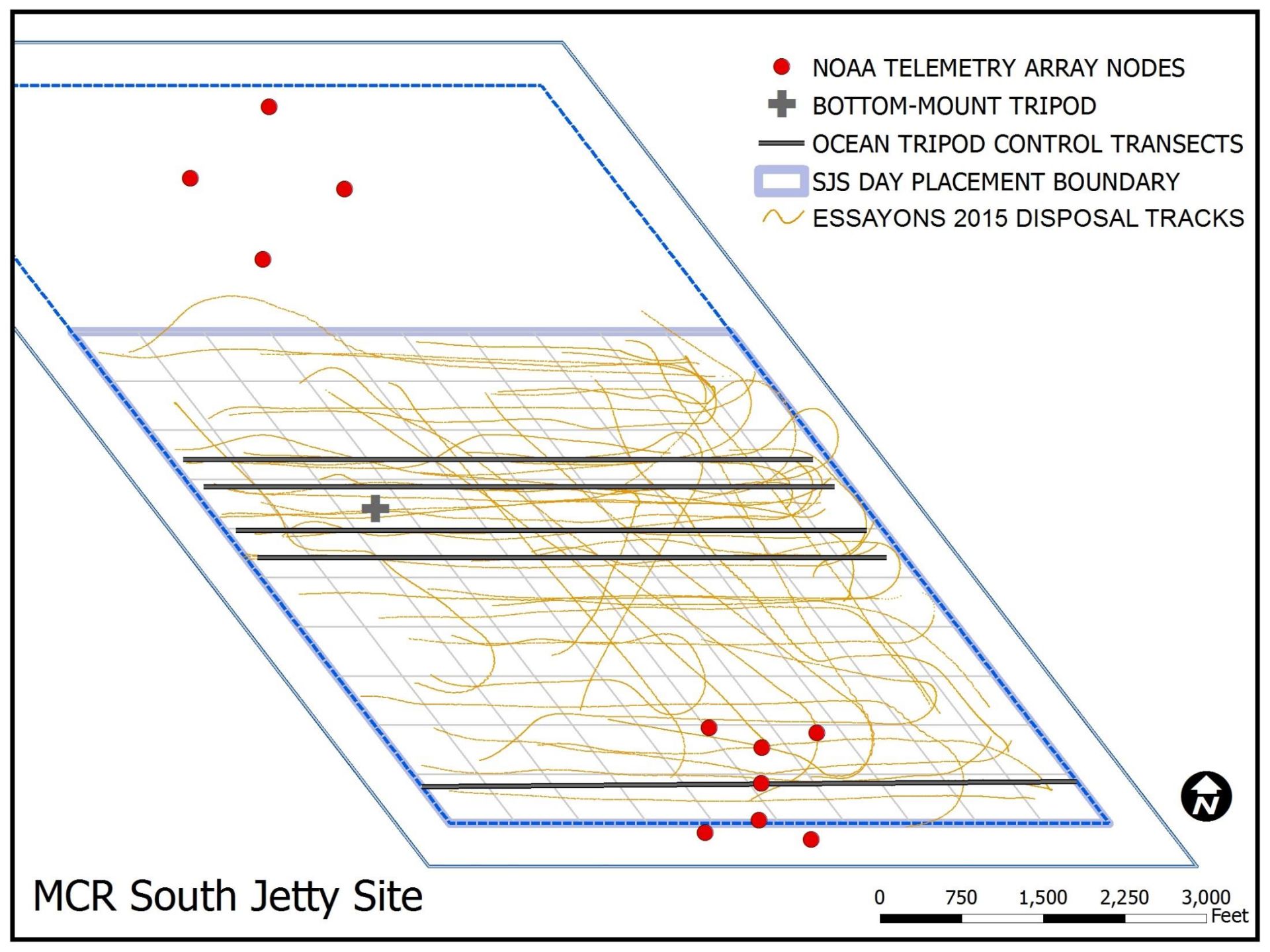
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- NOAA TELEMETRY ARRAY NODES
- ⊕ BOTTOM-MOUNT TRIPOD
- OCEAN TRIPOD CONTROL TRANSECTS
- ▭ SJS DAY PLACEMENT BOUNDARY
- ~ ESSAYONS 2015 DISPOSAL TRACKS

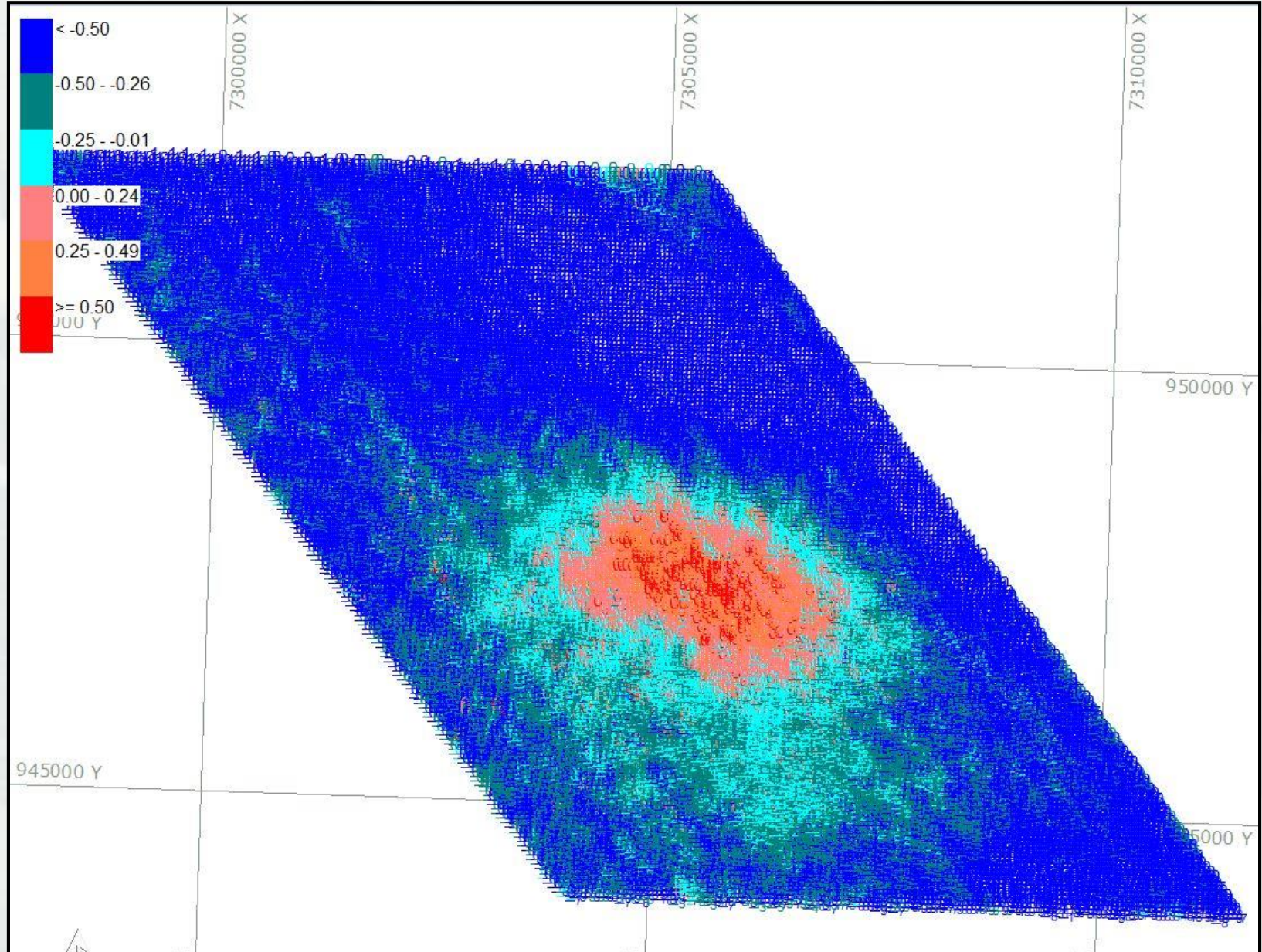


MCR South Jetty Site

0 750 1,500 2,250 3,000 Feet



Difference Plot 2016 v Baseline



Status of Environmental Permits

Initial permits – 2012

- Biological Opinion
- CZMA Compliance
- Water Quality Certificate
 - ▶ Oregon expires 2022
 - ▶ Washington expires 2018

Actions needed

- All permits for placement at a North Head Site



Conclusions/Limitations

- Critical need for on-going stakeholder engagement
- Measurements of benthic response to dredged material placement
- Passive acoustic detections
- On-going operational placement of 300kcy annually
- AVEVac software needs work to be fully operational
- Continue developing innovative monitoring techniques
- Monitoring the migration of material from the nearshore site to the beach
- Use information from monitoring to expand network of nearshore sites, reduce costs of future monitoring

